

FACULTY OF LAW
LL.B. (3 YDC) I – Year II – Semester Examination, September 2017

Subject : LAW

Paper : V
Law of Evidence

Time : 3 hours

Max. Marks : 80

PART – A (5 x 6 = 30 Marks)

Answer any Five of the following :

- 1 Relevant facts
- 2 Motive
- 3 Admission
- 4 Expert's Opinion
- 5 Documentary Evidence
- 6 Accomplice
- 7 Conclusive Proof
- 8 Presumptions as to Documents

PART – B (2 x 15 = 30 Marks)

Answer any Two of the following :

- 9 When facts not otherwise relevant become relevant? Illustrate your answer.
- 10 Explain the different kinds of expert's opinion and their admissibility as evidence.
- 11 Define and distinguish 'Admission and Confession'.
- 12 Who is competent to testify as a witness? Explain with special reference to privileged communication.

PART – C (2 x 10 = 20 Marks)

Answer any Two of the following :

- 13 'A', an accused person admitted that he along with 'B', the fellow accused committed Robbery. What is the admissible value of confession made by one accused person against the co-accused person?
- 14 'A' is charged for committing murder. A alleges that by reason of unsoundness of mind, he did not know the nature of the act. On whom the burden of proof lies? Discuss. <https://www.osmaniaonline.com>
- 15 'A' owns a piece of land over which 'B' has no right. But 'B' builds a house on it 'A' keeps quiet and after the building is completed sues for its demolition. Discuss whether 'A' can be estopped from asserting his right.
- 16 Soon after commission of theft, stolen goods are found in possession of 'X'. What type of presumption can be raised by the court in the trial of 'X'? Refer to relevant provisions of the Indian Evidence Act.
