

FACULTY OF PHARMACY

B. Pharmacy III – Semester (PCI) (Main) Examination, February 2019

Subject : Physical Pharmaceutics – I

Time : 3 hours

Max. Marks : 75

Note : Answer all questions from Part-A. Any Two questions from Part-B and any Seven questions from Part-C.

PART-A (10 x 2 = 20 Marks)

- 1 Define and explain
 - a) CMC
 - b) Contact angle
- 2 Write about liquid crystalline state and its applications.
- 3 Write applications of buffers in pharmacy.
- 4 Define and explain any two solubility expressions.
- 5 Give principle of HLB value and its significance.
- 6 Define
 - a) Dissociation constant
 - b) Dielectric constant
- 7 What is a buffer? What are its uses? Give examples.
- 8 Explain the process of detergency.
- 9 Differentiate between physical adsorption and chemisorption.
- 10 Define and explain the uses of surface active agents.

PART-B (2 x 10 = 20 Marks)

- 11 What is polymorphism? Explain its applications giving suitable examples.
- 12 What is buffer capacity? Derive and explain buffer equation.
- 13 How the binding of drug to proteins can influence their action? Deduce an equation for scatchard plot for drug-protein interaction.

PART-C (7 x 5 = 35 Marks)

- 14 Discuss ideal and non-ideal solutions by considering the solvation-association phenomena.
- 15 Define and explain optical rotation and dipole moment. Write their applications.
- 16 Describe capillary rise method for determination of surface tension.
- 17 Define complexation with the help of suitable example. Describe the following
 - a) Metal complexes
 - b) Occlusion compound.
- 18 What is buffer capacity of solution containing 0.2M acetic acid and 0.1M sodium acetate.
- 19 Explain Gibb's adsorption principle and its applications.
- 20 Explain distribution law and its applications.
- 21 Discuss the effect of pressure and temperature on solubility of gases in liquid.
- 22 How do you measure pH using hydrogen electrode?
