

**FACULTY OF ENGINEERING**

B. E. 3/4 (Mech. / Prod.) II - Semester (Old) Examination, December 2009

**Subject : Refrigeration and Air Conditioning**

Time : 3 Hours}

{Max. Marks: 75

**Note:** Answer all questions of Part - A and any **five** from Part-B.  
Use of Psychrometric charts, Ammonia charts permitted

**PART - A**  
( Marks : 25 )

- |    |   |   |
|----|---|---|
| 1  | List out the applications of refrigeration ?  | 1 |
| 2  | What is hermetically sealed compressor ?  | 1 |
| 3  | Determine COP of a refrigeration system, which operates on reversed carnot cycle. Temperatures of the refrigerant in the system is $35^{\circ}\text{C}$ (higher) and $-15^{\circ}\text{C}$ (lower). Neglect the losses. | 2 |
| 4  | Define tonne of refrigeration ?   | 2 |
| 5  | List few applications of low temperature refrigeration ?  | 2 |
| 6  | What are advantages of Vortex tube over other refrigeration systems?  | 2 |
| 7  | List out merits and demerits of air refrigeration system ?  | 3 |
| 8  | Write advantages of cascade systems ?   | 3 |
| 9  | List out the properties of Ideal refrigerant ?  | 3 |
| 10 | Explain briefly about the following:  |   |
|    | i) Solenoid valve   | 2 |
|    | ii) Air distribution  | 2 |
|    | iii) System heat gains.   | 2 |

**PART - B**  
( Marks : 5 X 10 = 50 )

- |    |  |    |
|----|--|----|
| 11 | A dense air refrigeration cycle operates between 5 bar and 20 bar. The air temperature after heat rejection to surroundings is $37^{\circ}\text{C}$ and air temperature at exit of refrigerator is $7^{\circ}\text{C}$ . The isentropic efficiencies of compressor and turbine are 0.84 and 0.82 respectively. Determine | 10 |
|    | a) Compressor and turbine work per ton of refrigeration  |    |
|    | b) Coefficient of performance  |    |
|    | c) Power per ton of refrigeration  |    |

- 12a. List out the advantages and dis/advantages of vapour refrigeration over air refrigeration system. 4
- b. Derive the expression for COP of Bell coleman cycle in terms of pressure ratio. 6
13. Explain the working of vapour compression refrigeration cycle with a neat sketch. 10
14. Explain briefly about the following non-convectional refrigeration systems. 5
- a) Pulse tube refrigeration system. 5
- b) Thermo electric refrigeration system.
15. A classroom of 60 seating capacity is air-conditioned. The out door conditions are  $32^{\circ}\text{C}$  DBT and  $22^{\circ}\text{C}$  WBT and required comfort conditions are  $22^{\circ}\text{C}$  DBT and 55% RH. The quantity of out door air supplied is  $0.5\text{m}^3/\text{min}/\text{student}$ . Comfort conditions are achieved first by dehumidifying the air and then cooling by cooling coil. Find the following 10
- a) DBT of air leaving dehumidifier.
- b) Capacity of dehumidifier.
- c) Capacity of cooling coil in tons of refrigeration.
- d) Surface temperature of cooling coil if bypass factor is 0.3.
- 16a. List out the various methods of food preservation. 4
- b. Draw the layout of an Ice plant and explain. 6
- 17a. How the leakage is detected in refrigeration system, explain. 4
- b. Explain the following: 3
- i) Designation of refrigerants 3
- ii) Nomenclature of refrigerants.

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